§537.22

and Attorney General's Order Number 289-62, as amended (28 CFR part 43), providing for the recovery of the reasonable value of medical care furnished or to be furnished by the United States to a person on account of injury or disease incurred after December 31, 1962, under circumstances creating a tort liability upon some third person.

- (b) Applicability and scope. (1) Sections 537.21 through 537.24 apply to all claims for the reasonable value of medical services furnished by or at the expense of the Army which result from incidents occurring on or after March 1, 1969. Cases which arise from incidents occurring prior to that date:
- (i) And which are the responsibility of an SJA or JA who is designated an RJA will be processed under §§ 537.21 through 537.24;
- (ii) And which are the responsibility of an SJA or JA not so designated will be processed under the predecessor regulation until either completed or transferred.
- (2) The procedures prescribed herein are to be employed within the DA for the investigation, determination, assertion, and collection, including compromise and waiver, in whole or in part, of claims in favor of the United States for the reasonable value of medical services furnished by or at the expense of DA. TJAG provides general supervision and control of the investigation and assertion of claims arising under the Federal Medical Care Recovery Act.
- (3) In Continental U.S., Army SJA's and RJA's will be assigned responsibility under §\$537.21 through 537.24 on a geographical area basis.
- (4) The commander of any major overseas command specified in paragraph (c)(5) of this section is authorized to modify the procedures prescribed herein to accommodate any special circumstances which may exist in the command.
- (5) Claims for medical care furnished by the DA on a reimbursable basis (see table 1, AR 40-3) ordinarily will be forwarded for processing directly to the Federal department or agency responsible for reimbursement.
- (c) Definitions. For the purpose of §§ 537.21 through 537.24 only, the fol-

lowing terms have the meaning indicated.

- (1) Claim. The Government's right to recover from a prospective defendant the reasonable value of medical care furnished to each injured party.
- (2) Medical care. Includes hospitalization, out-patient treatment, dental care, nursing service, drugs, and other adjuncts such as prostheses and medical appliances furnished by or at the expense of the United States.
- (3) Injured party. The person who received an injury or contracted a disease which resulted in the medical care. Such person may be an active duty or retired member, a dependent, or any other person who is eligible for medical care at DA expense. See section III, AR 40–3, and §§577.60 through 577.71 of this chapter.
- (4) Prospective defendant. A person other than the injured party. An individual partnership, association, corporation, governmental body, or other legal entity, foreign or domestic, against whom the United States has a claim.
- (5) Major overseas command. U.S. Army Forces Southern Command; the U.S. Army, Europe; Eighth U.S. Army, Korea; Western Command; and any command outside the continental limits of the contiguous states specially designated by TJAG under the provisions of AR 27–20.
- (6) Recovery judge advocate. A JAGC officer or legal adviser responsible for assertion and collection of claims in favor of the United States for medical expenses.

§ 537.22 Basic considerations.

(a) The right of recovery—(1) Applicable law. The right of the United States to recover the reasonable value of medical care furnished or to be furnished an injured party is based on the Federal Medical Care Recovery Act. It accrues simultaneously with the accrual of the injured party's right to recover damages from the prospective defendant but is independent of any claim which the injured person may have against the prospective defendant. Recovery is allowed only if the injury or diseases resulted from circumstances creating a tort liability under the law of the place where the injury occurred.

- (2) Time limitation. The Act of 18 July 1966 (28 U.S.C. 2415 et seq.) establishes a 3-year statute of limitation upon actions in favor of the United States for money damages founded upon a tort. The RJA will take appropriate steps within the limitation period to assure that necessary legal action is not barred by the statute.
- (3) Amount. The Government's right of recovery is limited to amounts expended or to be expended by the United States for medical care from other than Federal sources, and to amounts determined by the rates established by the Office of Management and Budget for medical care from Federal sources, less any amounts reimbursed by the injured party.
- (b) Certain prospective defendants—(1) U.S. Government agencies. No claim will be asserted against any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States.
- (2) U.S. personnel. Claims against a member of the uniformed services; or an employee of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities; or a dependent of a service member or an employee will not be asserted unless the prospective defendant has the benefit of liability insurance coverage or was guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct. If simple negligence occurring in the scope of a member's or employee's employment is the basis of the claim, no claim will be asserted if such claim is excluded from the coverage of the liability insurance policy involved. No claim, in the absence of specific statutory authorization, will be made directly against a member or employee, or his or her dependents for injuries sustained to himself or herself through acts of simple negligence, gross negligence, or willful misconduct.
- (3) Government contractors. Claims, the cost or expense of which may be reimbursable by the United States under the terms of a contract, will not be asserted against a contractor without the prior approval of USARCS. Such claims will be investigated and the report thereof, which will include citation to the specific contract clauses involved and recommendations regarding assertion will be forwarded through com-

- mand channels to Commander, USARCS.
- (4) Foreign persons. Claims within the scope of §§ 537.21 through 537.24 against foreign prospective defendants will be investigated, processed, and asserted without regard to the nationality of the prospective defendant, unless such action is precluded by treaty or international agreement. Claims against an international organization, or foreign government, will be investigated and reports thereof, together with recommendations regarding assertion and enforcement, will be forwarded through command channels to Commander, USARCS.
- (5) National Guard Members. Claims arising from the tortious conduct of NG members will be investigated and if assertion appears appropriate, a recommendation shall be made to Commander, USARCS.
- (c) Concurrent claims under other regulations—(1) Section 537.1. Claims for medical care and claims for damage to DA property arising from the same incident will be processed by the RJA in accordance with §537.1(g). If an RJA lacks settlement authority sufficient to settle a concurrent claim under §537.1, he may request additional authority under that section from the appropriate major overseas command SJA or area claims authority, who may delegate such additional authority in an amount not exceeding his own settlement authority. Where time is of the essence, telephonic delegations of authority are encouraged, provided they are confirmed in a writing which will be made a part of the case file.
- (2) Counterclaims. Claims for medical care and claims against the United States which arise from the same incident will be processed by the RJA in accordance with §537.1(g)(2). If an RJA lacks authority sufficient to settle the claim against the Government, he will coordinate his action with that claims echelon which has the necessary authority to settle the particular claim against the United States.

§537.23 Predemand procedures.

(a) Relations with the injured party— (1) Advice. The injured party, or, in appropriate cases, his guardian, next-of-